

17CV741

# Seventh Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Jan./Feb. 2021 Design of Bridges

Time: 3 hrs.

1

Max. Marks: 100

## Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module. 2. Use of codes, IRC-6, IRC-21, IRC-112, IS-456 IS-458, Pigeaud's curves are permitted.

3. Assume any missing data suitably.

### Module-1

- a. Define a bridge. How the bridges are classified? Explain briefly. (10 Marks)
  - b. Mention the various methods of estimating the maximum discharge in the stream and explain any three methods. (10 Marks)

#### OR

- 2 a. What is meant by economical span of a bridge? Derive the equation of a economical span by stating the assumptions made. (10 Marks)
  - b. A bridge needs to be constructed across an alluvial stream having a discharge of 500 cumecs. Calculate the depth of maximum scour when the bridge consists of:
    - (i) Three spans of 15m each
    - (ii) Two spans of 30m each
    - (iii) Four spans of 30m each

Take silt factor as 1.1.

(10 Marks)

### Module-2

- **3** Design a reinforced concrete deck slab bridge for a National Highway to suit the following data:
  - Width of the carriage way = 7.5 m (two lane traffic)
  - Foot path on either side = 1.0 m
  - Clear span = 6.0 m
  - Wearing coat = 80 mm
  - Width of bearing = 400 mm
  - Materials = M30 grade concrete and steel Fe-415 HYSD bars
  - Loading: IRC class-A.

The design should confirm to the new code specifications using limit state method. Check for shear and design of foot path is not necessary. (20 Marks)

OR

- Design a reinforced skew deck slab for a National Highway crossing of a stream to suit the following data:
  - Width of carriage way = 7.5 m; Foot path on either side = 1.0 m; Clear span = 6.0 m; Wearing coat = 80 mm; Width of bearing = 370 mm; Skew angle =  $30^{\circ}$ ; Materials: concrete: M-25 grade and steel Fe-415 grade HYSD bars; Depth of the slab = 540 mm; Loading IRC – Class AA loading tracked vehicle. The design should confirm to the new code specifications using limit state method. Check for shear and design of foot path is not necessary. (20 Marks)

4



## <u>Module-3</u>

5 Design the deck slab only for the T-beam bridge for the following data: Effective span = 16m, Loading: IRC class AA tracked vehicle Materials: M-25 grade concrete and steel Fe-415 Spacing of the cross girders = 4m c/c Width of carriage way = two lane 7.5 m Thickness of the wearing coat = 80 mm Kerbs on either side = 600 mm × 300 mm deep Width of the main girder = 300 mm Width of the cross girder = 300 mm Spacing of main girder = 2.5 m c/c Width of cross girder = 300 mm

(20 Marks)

#### OR

6 Design a T-beam bridge 'main girder' for the same data given in Q5.

(20 Marks)

## Module-4

7 Design a pipe culvert through a road embankment of height 6m, the width of the road is 7.5 m and the formation width is 10 m, the side slope of the embankment is 1.5:1. The maximum discharge is 5 m<sup>3</sup>/sec. The safe velocity is 3 m/sec Class A-A, tracked vehicle is to be considered as a live load. Assume Bell mouthed entry. Given  $K_e = 0.08$ ,  $C_e = 1.5$ ,  $C_s = 0.010$  and density of soil is 20 kN/m<sup>3</sup>. Internal diameter of the pipe is 1000 mm and external diameter of the pipe is 1230 mm. Three edge bearing strength is 71.85 kN/m. Spiral reinforcement is 21.52 kg/m. Longitudinal reinforcement is 2.66 kg/m. Draw the reinforcement details of the pipe and type of foundation bed. (20 Marks)

### OR

8 Explain in detail the design principles of box culvert.

## Module-5

- 9 a. Mention the various forces acting on the pier.
  - b. Explain the different types of abutment with sketches.
  - c. Compute the stresses developed at the base and check for the stability of the abutment as shown in Fig.Q9(c). SBC of soil is 150 kN/m<sup>2</sup>. Coefficient of friction between masonry and soil is 0.5, density of stone masonry is 25 kN/m<sup>3</sup>.



(07 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. Mention the different types of bearings. Explain with neat sketches for any two types of bearings used in bridge. (08 Marks)
  - b. What are the points to be considered in the selection of suitable bridge bearings? (04 Marks)
  - c. What are the functions of an expansion joint? Explain any two types with sketches.

(08 Marks)

(05 Marks)

(20 Marks)

#### (08 Marks)